## Non-Medical Prescribing Practice Drug Calculations

15 practice drug calculation questions, aimed for healthcare professionals wanting to apply for a non-medical prescribing course.

|  | Questions | Answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Convert the following: <br> a) 0.07 g to mg <br> b) 0.055 Litre to ml <br> c) 2500 micrograms to mg <br> d) 800 mg to grams |  |
| 2 | A patient is prescribed 30mg of prednisolone every morning for 5 days. <br> (stock $=5 \mathrm{mg}$ prednisolone tablets) <br> a) How many tablets should you give the patient every morning? <br> b) What is the total number of 5 mg tablets needed to complete the course? |  |
| 3 | A patient is prescribed 200 mg three times a day for 7 days, then 100 mg twice a day for 3 days and then 100 mg once a day for remaining course. 14 day course in total. (stock $=100 \mathrm{mg}$ tablets) <br> How many tablets are needed to be supplied for the full course? |  |
| 4 | 375 mg of the drug Co-amoxiclav is prescribed three times a day. <br> What is the total amount of Co-amoxiclav in grams to be given in a day? |  |
| 5 | Patient X is prescribed Flucloxacillin 500 mg four times a day, stock strength available is 250 mg capsules. <br> What is the total number of capsules patient $X$ will be required to take in 24 hours? |  |
| 6 | Patient Y weighs 65 kg and requires a dose of $150 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg} /$ day of drug $A$. <br> What is the total amount of drug $A$ that Patient $Y$ will receive in a day. Please give your answer in grams. |  |
| 7 | A patient weighs 40 kg and the dose of co-amoxiclav suspension is: $0.25 \mathrm{ml} / \mathrm{kg}$ three times a day <br> If course length is for 5 days how many mls of co-amoxiclav suspension is needed to be prescribed? |  |

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These questions are provided for educational purposes only and should not be used to act as a predictor of your performance on the actual assessment, and you should not interpret your results as a predictor of your performance on the actual assessment.
These questions may assist you in identifying possible strengths or weaknesses and identifying areas where additional training may be required.
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| 8 | A child is prescribed 0.72 g of drug Y . <br> Drug Y is dispensed as 1800 mg in 30 mL . How many ml would you give? |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | A child is prescribed drug C. The recommended dose is 32 $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg} /$ day, in four divided doses. <br> Calculate the size of a single dose (mg) if the child's weight is 13 kg . |  |
| 10 | A baby requires drug D . The dosage is $50 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$, the baby weighs 3.8 kg . <br> What is the correct dosage in mg ? |  |
| 11 | You have stock of drug $\mathrm{E}-75 \mathrm{mg}$ in 3 ml vial. You need to draw up a dose of 50 mg for a patient. <br> How many mls should you draw up to give the dose? |  |
| 12 | A patient weighs 75 kg and is prescribed drug F at a dose of 40micrograms/kg/day. <br> What is the total daily dose of drug F in mg this patient will receive? |  |
| 13 | A patient is prescribed 200 mg three times a day for 7 days, then 100 mg twice a day for 7 days and then 100 mg once a day for remaining course. 28 day course in total. <br> (stock $=100 \mathrm{mg}$ tablets) <br> How many tablets are needed to be supplied for the full course? |  |
| 14 | Patient A weighs 24kg and is prescribed drug B at $14 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg} /$ day to be given in equally divided 12 hourly doses. <br> How many mg would you give in each dose? |  |
| 15 | A patient is prescribed 200 mg three times a day for 5 days, then 200 mg twice a day for 5 days and then 100 mg once a day for remaining course. 28 day course in total. (stock $=100 \mathrm{mg}$ tablets) <br> How many tablets are needed to be supplied for the full course? |  |

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